What causes hearing loss and how it can affect you.

Understanding Hearing Loss

Are you one of them?

Do you:

✓ Ask others to repeat themselves?
✓ Turn up the television or radio volume to levels others find too loud?
✓ Have trouble understanding conversation in noisy places?
✓ Have trouble hearing women’s and children’s voices?
✓ Have trouble hearing over the telephone?
✓ Have difficulty following a fast-moving conversation?

If you answered yes to two or more of these questions, a full consultation from a hearing healthcare professional is recommended.
One in five Americans has Hearing Loss

Hearing loss is one of the most common health issues in the world. Nearly one in five Americans age 12 and older experience hearing loss severe enough to interfere with daily communication.¹

There are many reasons for the high volume of cases, with a longer-living population high on the list. Called presbycusis, age-related hearing loss is the slow loss of hearing that occurs as people get older.

Main causes of hearing loss:

- Aging
- Repeated exposure to loud noises
- Infections
- Injuries to the head or ear
- Birth defects or genetics
- Ototoxic reaction to drugs or cancer treatment (i.e. antibiotics, chemotherapy, radiation)

There are two types of hearing loss...

While the causes of hearing loss may be varied, there are only two types of hearing loss:

Conductive — A problem with the outer or middle ear, conductive hearing loss is often medically or surgically treatable. A common example is chronic middle ear infection.

Sensorineural — The most common type, sensorineural hearing loss is a problem with the inner ear or the hearing nerve, is usually permanent, and can be rehabilitated with amplification through hearing aids.

Mixed hearing loss is a combination of conductive and sensorineural hearing loss.

Many people put off getting help for their hearing loss because they think it’s insignificant — something they can deal with by simply turning the TV louder or asking friends to repeat themselves. But research has linked untreated hearing loss to significant issues such as²:

- Irritability, negativism and anger
- Fatigue, tension, stress and depression
- Avoidance or withdrawal from social situations
- Social rejection and loneliness
- Reduced alertness and increased risk to personal safety
- Impaired memory and ability to learn new tasks
- Reduced job performance and earning power
- Diminished psychological and overall health

¹abcnews.com
²betterhearing.org